

1 argument Defendant raises is that Plaintiffs must plead a "clearly established" constitutional 2 violation in order for the DFE to not bar their claims, seeking to incorporate case law analyzing 3 qualified immunity claims under § 1983. Defendant has not previously raised this argument. In its motion, Defendant asserted only that Plaintiffs did not adequately plead a constitutional 4 violation in their complaint, citing to United States v. Gaubert, 499 U.S. 315 (1991). Dkt. 19 at 5 6 19–20. Gaubert does not address, let alone incorporate, the clear violation standard of qualified 7 immunity. Instead, Defendant's motion asserted only that Plaintiffs failed to allege a 8 constitutional violation with the "requisite degree of specificity." Id. at 19. Yet in their reply, Defendant now asserts that Plaintiffs needed to plead a "clearly established" violation of the 9 10 constitution, citing several cases from the qualified immunity context. Dkt. 48 at 2–5. Second, Defendant also asserts that the DFE bars Plaintiffs' claims because they are "systemic torts." 11 12 Dkt. Id. at 6. This argument appears nowhere in Defendant's motion. See Dkt. 42.

13 It is well-established that "[a]rguments cannot be raised properly for the first time on reply." Amazon.com LLC v. Lay, 758 F. Supp. 2d 1154, 1171 (W.D. Wash. 2010); see also 14 Personalize Inc. v. Magnetize Consultants Ltd., No. 2:18-CV-01836-BJR, 2020 WL 2512906, at 15 16 \*1 (W.D. Wash. May 15, 2020) ("One appropriate ground for a request to strike is the well-17 established rule that 'courts will not consider new arguments raised for the first time in a reply brief." (citation omitted)); Vargas Ramirez v. United States, 15 No. C13-2325JLR, 2014 WL 18 19 3694274 at \*4–5 (W.D. Wash. July 23, 2014) (striking arguments raised for first time in reply brief); Zamani v. Carnes, 491 F.3d 990, 997 (9th Cir. 2007) ("The district court need not 20 21 consider arguments raised for the first time in a reply brief."). Accordingly, because Defendant 22 did not timely raise its arguments, Plaintiffs request that this Court strike those arguments. 23 Defendant's arguments are also wrong on the merits. First, the FTCA does not 24 incorporate the qualified immunity standard Defendant belatedly urges, as "[the government] has 25 no 'discretion' to violate the Federal Constitution; its dictates are absolute and imperative."

1	Owen v. City of Independence, 445 U.S. 622, 649 (1980). And even in the context of the FTCA,
2	the Ninth Circuit has repeatedly explained that "[e]ven [where the] actions [of government
3	employees] involve[] elements of discretion, agents do not have discretion to violate the
4	Constitution." Nieves Martinez v. United States, 997 F.3d 867, 877 (9th Cir. 2021). For this
5	reason, other courts have rejected Defendant's argument. See F.R. v. United States, No. CV-21-
6	00339-PHX-DLR, 2022 WL 2905040, at *5 (D. Ariz. July 22, 2022); A.F.P. v. United States,
7	No. 1:21-CV-00780-DAD-EPG, 2022 WL 2704570, at *13 (E.D. Cal. July 12, 2022).
8	Similarly, other courts have rejected Defendant's assertion that Plaintiffs' claims involve
9	an impermissible "systemic tort" because it was "it was not committed by an individual
10	government employee(s)." Dkt. 48 at 6. As these courts explain, "plaintiffs' complaint here sets
11	forth specific alleged acts and omissions of specific federal employees." A.F.P., 2022 WL
12	2704570, at *18; <i>Wilbur P.G. v. United States</i> , No. 4:21-CV-04457-KAW, 2022 WL 3024319, at
13	*6 (N.D. Cal. May 10, 2022) (rejecting Defendant's "systemic tort" argument).
14	For these reasons, Plaintiffs ask that the Court strike Defendants' new arguments. In the
15	alternative, the Court should reject the arguments on the merits.
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10	Dated this 12th day of December, 2022
	s/ Matt Adams s/ Aaron Korthuis
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## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE	
2	I hereby certify that on December 12, 2022, I electronically filed the foregoing with the	
3	Clerk of the Court using the CM/ECF system, which will send notification of such filing to those	
4	attorneys of record registered on the CM/ECF system.	
5	DATED this 12th day of December, 2022.	
6	<u>s/ Aaron Korthuis</u> Aaron Korthuis	
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